

**TOWN OF DOVER
KINGFISHER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA**

**AUDIT REPORT
FISCAL YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 2014**

WILLIAM K. GAUER
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
WATONGA, OKLAHOMA

**TOWN OF DOVER
KINGFISHER COUNTY, OKLAHOMA
TOWN COUNCIL AND OFFICERS**

Mike McNulty
Brian Chestnut
Kenny Dunigan
Colton Harrison, resigned
Bryan Randle
Hugh Miller

Mayor
Trustee
Trustee
Trustee
Trustee
Trustee

CONTENTS

Contents	Page
Independent auditor's report	1
Government-wide Financial Statement:	
Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis	3
Statement of Activities – Modified Cash Basis.....	4
Fund Statements:	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet- Cash Basis	5
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Cash Basis	6
Proprietary Funds:	
Statement of Net Position-Modified Cash Basis	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Assets-Modified Cash Basis	8
Statement of Cash Flows.....	9
Notes to the Financial Statements	10-18
TABLE 1. Schedule in Capital Assets	19
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based upon an Audit of Financial Statements performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards	
Supplemental Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule- General Fund-Cash Basis	
Schedule of Grant Awards, Receipts and Expenditures	

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Honorable Board of Trustees
Town of Dover
Dover Public Works Authority
Dover, Oklahoma

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note A; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Honorable Town Council
January 31, 2015
Page 2

Opinion


In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position—modified cash basis of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position—modified cash basis, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note A.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note A of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Disclaimer of Opinion on Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, which has been omitted and budgetary comparison information in the supplementary section, which are the responsibility of management, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.



Watonga, Oklahoma
January 31, 2015

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
June 30, 2014

Primary Government			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
<i>Current and unrestricted assets:</i>			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 199,359	\$ 70,532	\$ 269,891
Total Current and unrestricted assets	199,359	70,532	269,891
<i>NonCurrent and restricted assets:</i>			
Restricted Cash and Investments	103,598	16,165	119,762
Deposits with insurance pool	-	-	-
Capital Assets (Note	-	5,749	5,749
Land, infrastructure	-	220,499	220,499
Depreciable capital assets, net	103,598	242,413	346,010
Total noncurrent and restricted assets	302,957	312,945	615,901
Total Assets			
LIABILITIES			
Customer Deposits	-	14,173	14,173
Long-term Liabilities (Note	-	-	-
Due within one year	-	-	-
Due in more than one year	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	-	14,173	14,173
NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	-	226,248	226,248
Restricted	103,598	1,991	105,589
Unrestricted	199,359	70,532	269,891
Total Net Position	\$ 302,957	\$ 298,771	\$ 601,728

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Functional Programs	Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets		
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 173,840	\$ 1,610	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (172,230)	\$ -	\$ (172,230)
Public Safety	-	20,936	4,474	-	25,410	-	25,410
Highway and streets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities	<u>173,840</u>	<u>22,546</u>	<u>4,474</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(146,820)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(146,820)</u>
Business-Type Activities:							
Water and sanitation	152,806	152,657	-	-	\$ -	(150)	(150)
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total business-type activities	<u>152,806</u>	<u>152,657</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(150)</u>	<u>(150)</u>
Total Primary Government	<u>326,646</u>	<u>175,202</u>	<u>4,474</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(146,820)</u>	<u>(150)</u>	<u>(146,970)</u>
General Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Sales, Use & Tobacco Tax					193,742	-	193,742
Franchise Tax					19,765	-	19,765
Motor Vehicle Tax					3,567	-	3,567
Gas Excise Tax					-	-	-
Alcoholic Beverage Tax					5,551	-	5,551
Investment Income					222	51	272
Miscellaneous					15,865	-	15,865
Transfers-Internal Activity					-	-	-
Total general revenues and transfers					<u>238,712</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>238,763</u>
Changes in Net Assets					91,893	(99)	91,794
Net Position - Beginning					<u>211,064</u>	<u>298,870</u>	<u>509,934</u>
Net Position - Ending					<u>\$ 302,957</u>	<u>\$ 298,771</u>	<u>\$ 601,728</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2014

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Public Ways</u>	<u>Fire Protection</u>	<u>Police Bail Bond</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 199,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 199,359
Investments	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	56,989	5,051	1,333	63,373
Restricted investments	-	40,224	-	-	40,224
Capital Assets					
Land, inexhaustible assets and construction-in-process	-	-	-	-	-
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	<u>199,359</u>	<u>97,214</u>	<u>5,051</u>	<u>1,333</u>	<u>302,957</u>
LIABILITIES					
Customer deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Long-term debt					
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	-
Due in more than one year	-	-	-	-	-
Total Liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET POSITION					
<i>Non-Spendable:</i>					
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	-	-	-	-	-
<i>Restricted:</i>					
Public Ways	-	97,214	-	-	97,214
Fire Protection	-	-	5,051	-	5,051
<i>Committed:</i>					
<i>Assigned:</i>					
Police Bail	-	-	-	1,333	1,333
<i>Unrestricted:</i>					
General Fund	<u>199,359</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>199,359</u>
Total Net Position	<u>199,359</u>	<u>97,214</u>	<u>5,051</u>	<u>1,333</u>	<u>302,957</u>

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:

Capital assets	-
Certain liabilities not payable in the reporting period	-
	<u>\$ 302,957</u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements,

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2014

	Public Works Authority	Meter Deposits	Total
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 70,532	\$ -	\$ 70,532
Noncurrent Assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	16,165	16,165
Restricted investments	-	-	-
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	226,248	-	226,248
Total noncurrent assets	226,248	16,165	242,413
Total Assets	296,780	16,165	312,945
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Notes payable-current portion	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	-	-	-
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Refundable deposits	-	14,173	14,173
Notes payable-long-term portion	-	-	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	-	14,173	14,173
Total Liabilities	-	14,173	14,173
NET ASSETS			
Invested in Capital Assets, net of debt	226,248	-	226,248
Restricted	-	1,991	1,991
Unrestricted	70,532	-	70,532
Total Net Assets	\$ 296,780	\$ 1,991	\$ 298,771

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements,

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
CASH BASIS
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Public Ways	Fire Protection	Police Bail Bond	Total
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 213,507	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 213,507
Intergovernmental	9,118	-	-	-	9,118
Charges for services	1,555	-	-	-	1,555
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	20,936	20,936
Licenses and permits	55	-	-	-	55
Investment income	93	127	2	-	222
Miscellaneous	6,116	-	9,750	-	15,866
Total Revenues	230,444	127	9,752	20,936	261,259
Expenditures:					
Personnel Service	56,770	-	-	-	56,770
Maintenance and Operation	53,847	20,912	10,928	1,883	87,570
Capital Outlay	29,500	-	-	-	29,500
Total Expenditures	140,117	20,912	10,928	1,883	173,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	90,327	(20,786)	(1,176)	19,053	87,419
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	18,460	37,337	-	-	55,797
Transfers Out	(37,337)	-	-	(18,460)	(55,797)
Grant Proceeds	-	-	4,474	-	4,474
Total Other Financing Sources	(18,877)	37,337	4,474	(18,460)	4,474
Net Changes in Fund Balances	71,450	16,551	3,298	593	91,893
Fund Balance - Beginning	127,909	80,662	1,753	740	211,064
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 199,359	\$ 97,214	\$ 5,051	\$ 1,333	\$ 302,957
Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:					
Net change in fund balances					91,893
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:					-
Capital assets capitalized					-
Depreciation expense					-
Change in net assets of governmental activities					\$ 91,893

See Accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
MODIFIED CASH BASIS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Public Works Authority	Meter Deposit	Total
Revenues:			
Charges for services-Water and Sanitation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other	152,657	-	152,657
Total Revenues	152,657	-	152,657
Expenses:			
Personnel Services	50,034	-	50,034
Employee benefits, retirement	6,059	-	6,059
Fuel	4,780	-	4,780
Insurance	380	-	380
Miscellaneous	701	-	701
Office Supplies	3,959	-	3,959
Professional Fees	4,825	-	4,825
Repairs and maintenance	7,323	-	7,323
Supplies	12,372	-	12,372
Taxes, payroll	4,584	-	4,584
Telephone	650	-	650
Trash Service	35,270	-	35,270
Utilities	5,989	-	5,989
Depreciation	15,881	-	15,881
Total Expenses	152,806	-	152,806
Operating Income (Loss)	(150)	-	(150)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):			
Investment Income	40	10	51
Grant Proceeds	-	-	-
Other revenue	-	-	-
Transfers In	-	-	-
Transfers Out	-	-	-
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	40	10	51
Changes in Net Position	(109)	10	(99)
Net Position - Beginning	296,889	1,981	298,870
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 296,780</u>	<u>\$ 1,991</u>	<u>\$ 298,771</u>

See Accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
MODIFIED CASH BASIS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Public Works Authority	Meter Deposits	Total
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers	\$ 152,657	\$ 1,650	\$ 154,307
Payments to Suppliers	(76,249)	-	(76,249)
Payments for personnel services	(60,677)	-	(60,677)
Other	-	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	15,731	1,650	17,381
CASH FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Transfers to General Fund	-	-	-
Transfers from General Fund	-	-	-
Transfers from Public Ways Fund	-	-	-
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL RELATED ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from Grants	-	-	-
Utility Software	(4,701)	-	(4,701)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received	40	10	51
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	11,070	1,660	12,731
Balance Beginning of the year	59,462	14,504	73,966
Balance End of the year	<u>\$ 70,532</u>	<u>16,165</u>	<u>\$ 86,698</u>
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities:	<u>\$ 70,532</u>		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (150)	\$ -	\$ (150)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities			
Depreciation	15,881	-	15,881
Increase in customer deposits	<u>\$ 15,731</u>	<u>1,650</u>	<u>\$ 17,381</u>

See Accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policy of the Town of Dover is to prepare its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the reporting entity include (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Town's financial reporting entity is composed of the following:

Primary Government	Town of Dover
Blended Component Units	Dover Public Works Authority
Discretely Presented Component Units	None

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

TOWN OF DOVER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year when levied for. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as when they are received. Expenditures generally are recognized when a liability is paid.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds.

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are wither legally restricted for a specific purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities. These funds include the Public Ways Fund (1-cent sales tax), Fire Protection Fund, and the Police Bail Fund. The Public works Authority, a proprietary fund, is used to account for the business-like activities provided to the general public. Included in this fund is the Meter Deposit Fund.

Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses and expenditures during

Cash and cash equivalents

The Town's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices. All investments of the Town are currently held as certificate of deposits.

TOWN OF DOVER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are omitted from the Town's financial statements. The Town has presented the capital assets in the Public Works or proprietary fund. The Town capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, \$10,000 for improvements, and \$50,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Assets	Years
Buildings	30 - 50
Building improvements	20 - 50
Machinery and equipment	5 - 15
Infrastructure	20 - 65
Vehicles	5 - 10

Compensated absences

Town employees accumulate vacation and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Vacation and sick leave expenses to be paid in future periods are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is not reported in governmental funds only for amounts expected to be paid (matured), for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund. No liability for compensated absences has been presented on the basic financial statements.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

No long-term liabilities exist as of the balance sheet date, nor did the Town incur any debt during the fiscal year under being reported.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balance as they do not constitute either expenditures or liabilities. No encumbrances exist as of the end of the fiscal year.

Fund equity and net assets

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balance is presented in five possible categories:

Nonspendable—resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted—resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed—resources which are subject to limitations the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned—resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by the Town Council or a body or official to which the Town Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned—resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

In the government-wide financial statements, net assets are classified in the following categories: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt—This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduces this category.

Restricted Net Assets—This category presents the net assets restricted by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations).

Unrestricted Net Assets—This category represents the net assets of the Town that are not restricted for any project or other purpose by third parties.

Note 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance—total governmental funds, and net assets—governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that “long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.” There are no reconciling items to be reported under the current accounting method utilized by the Town.

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances—total governmental funds, and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that “Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.” There are no reconciling items to be reported under the Town’s accounting basis.

Note 3. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town’s general budget policies are as follows:

General Fund

The Town, in accordance with Oklahoma Statutes, Title 69 the Town of Dover formally adopt budgets which include the General Fund. This annual budget is adopted or based upon 90 percent of prior years receipts.

TOWN OF DOVER
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2014

Special revenue funds

The Town does not have legally adopted annual budgets for its special revenue funds. Budgets for the various special revenue funds which are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the grantor agencies.

Note 4. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Town utilizes the services of a Treasurer for cash and investment control and accountability. The treasurer is authorized to deposit funds in accounts that are either fully insured or collateralized by acceptable collateral valued at no more than market value. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and its Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. As of the current fiscal year end all cash and investments of the Town were entirely insured or collateralized as required by Oklahoma Statutes.

Deposits

The Town's cash deposits at year-end are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Town at year-end as follows:

Insured or collateralized with securities held by the Town or by its agent in the Town's name.
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Town's name.

All deposits of the Town are categorized as (A) type deposits identified above. The carrying amount and market value is equal to the cash balance reported in the financial statement and in the following chart as of June 30, 2014.

Deposit Categories of Credit Risk						
	Category			Bank Balance	Carrying Amount	Market Value
	A	B	C			
Cash	\$ 262,732	\$	\$	\$ 262,732	\$ 262,732	\$ 262,732
Investments	40,224			40,224	40,224	40,224
Total	\$ 302,956	\$	\$	\$ 302,956	\$ 302,956	\$ 302,956

Investments

The Town's investments consisted of bank certificates of deposit during the year and are categorized as (A) type deposits identified above. The carrying amount and market value are reported in the chart above as of June 30, 2014.

Restricted funds are in designated funds that have restricted the use of these funds to certain functions. These include funds held in the meter deposits or customer deposit, public ways fund, which holds sales taxes allocated to maintenance of the Town's streets, and funds restricted for both the police and fire department uses. Total restricted funds held are cash and cash equivalents of \$63,373, and all of the certificates of deposits held by the town, in the amount of \$40,224.

Note 5. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

As of June 30, 2014, interfund receivables and payables that resulted from various interfund transactions were as follows:

NONE

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Transfers To	Transfers From	
Public Ways	General Fund	\$ 37,337
General Fund	Police Bail Bond	18,460
Total Transfers		<u>\$ 55,797</u>

Transfers are used to account for unrestricted revenues collected mainly in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budget authorizations.

Special revenue funds transfer excess revenues to fund various projects within the Town.

Note 6. Capital Assets

See TABLE 1.

Note 7. Unearned Revenue/Deferred Revenue

The Town has no Unearned or Deferred revenues as of June 30, 2014.

Note 8. Long-Term Debt and Bond Anticipation Notes

The Town has no short-term or long-term debt as of June 30, 2014.

Subsequent event

There are no reportable subsequent events as of the report date.

Note 9. Lease Commitments

There are no current lease commitments as of June 30, 2014 or as of the report date.

Note 10. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Amounts received or receivable from Federal and State grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The Town is not currently involved in any litigation matters. In the estimation of the Town's management and legal counsel, the final settlement of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Town.

Note 11. Fund Deficits

There are no fund deficits as of June 30, 2014, or as of the report date.

Note 12. Pension Fund

The Town of Dover participated in two pension and retirement plans. The plans in which the city participated area as follows:

*Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund – Public Works Authority
The Oklahoma Firefighters Pension*

Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund

The pension plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. Normal retirement is age 65 with ten (10) or more years of vesting service, or age 62, with thirty (30) years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.625% of final average compensation multiplied by the number of years of credit service.

Early retirement is age 55 with ten (10) or more years of vesting service. The accrued benefit payable starting at age 60 or an actuarially reduced benefit starting at early retirement age. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, 2013, and 2014 the Town of Dover made total payments, including employee contributions of \$2,467.00, \$2,045.62, and \$6,058.72, respectively.

Firefighters pension plan

Eligible members of the Town's volunteer fire department participate in a retirement and pension plan under the direction of the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System administered by a 13-member Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System Board, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS). The Board acts as the fiduciary for investment and administration of the Plan.

The pension plan provides pension benefits, deferred allowances, and death and disability benefits. Normal retirement is the first day following the day the member completes twenty (20) years of service, regardless of age. A member who terminates after ten years of credited service is eligible for a vested severance benefit determined by the normal retirement formula, based on service and salary history to date of termination. The benefit is payable at age 50 or when the member would have completed twenty years of service, whichever is later, provided the member's contribution accumulation is not withdrawn.

Paid firefighters' normal retirement benefit is equal to 50% of final average compensation.

No employee contributions are required of volunteer firefighters. Participating municipalities and fire protection districts contribute 13% of gross salary for each paid firefighter and \$60.00 per year for each volunteer firefighter. Municipalities with revenues under \$25,000 make no contribution for volunteers. The state contributes 34% of the Insurance Premium Tax. The Town remitted \$1,140 during the fiscal year for firefighters' pension.

Note 13. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town maintains commercial insurance coverage covering a portion of those risks of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude significant uninsured losses to the Town.

In the event settled claims exceed the commercial coverage provided by the Town, Oklahoma statutes provide for payment by tax levy through the Sinking Fund at the rate of one-third each year. As an alternative to paying money judgments out of the Sinking Fund at the rate of one-third each year, the

court, based on consideration of evidence and proof, may provide for the judgment to be paid over a period of not less than one nor more than ten years. The interest rate on any judgment when payment is extended more than three years shall be the rate prescribed by law for the first three years and at the rate of six percent for each remaining year.

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma**Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets - Modified Cash Basis****TABLE 1. Continuation of Note 6.**

	July 1, 2013	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2014
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	-	-	-
Other capital assets				
Buildings	-	-	-	-
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-	-
Improvements	-	-	-	-
Total other capital assets at historical costs	-	-	-	-
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	-	-	-	-
Machinery and equipment	-	-	-	-
Improvements	-	-	-	-
Total accumulated depreciation	-	-	-	-
Other capital assets, net	-	-	-	-
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	5,749	-	-	5,749
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,749	-	-	5,749
Other capital assets				
Buildings	60,033	-	-	60,033
Machinery and equipment	52,387	4,891	-	57,278
Utility infrastructure, water & sewer	457,051	-	-	457,051
Total other capital assets at historical costs	569,471	4,891	-	574,362
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Utility Property	337,983	15,881	-	353,863
Total accumulated depreciation	337,983	15,881	-	353,863
Other capital assets, net	231,488	(10,990)	-	220,499
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 237,237	\$ (10,990)	\$ -	\$ 226,248

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Board of Trustees
Town of Dover

To the Honorable Board of Trustees
Dover Public Works Authority

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first

paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies.


1. The Town had the Auditor prepare or draft the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Town of Dover, State of Oklahoma's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Watonga, Oklahoma
January 31, 2015

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund - Cash Basis
 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance:	\$ 127,909	\$ 127,909	\$ 127,909	\$ -
Resources (Inflows):				
Taxes:				
Sales Tax	72,567	72,567	182,424	109,857
Franchise Tax	17,156	17,156	19,765	2,609
Use Tax	6,944	6,944	9,300	2,357
Tobacco Tax	1,296	1,296	2,017	721
Total Taxes	97,962	97,962	213,507	115,545
Intergovernmental:				
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	-	-	5,551	5,551
Motor Vehicle Tax	7,653	7,653	3,567	(4,086)
Gas Excise Tax	782	782	-	(782)
Grants	-	-	-	-
Investment Income	85	85	93	8
Miscellaneous Income				
Police Fines	33,300	33,300	18,460	(14,840)
Rental	954	954	1,555	601
Permits	33	33	55	21
Miscellaneous	3,450	3,450	6,116	2,666
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfer from Other Funds	13,152	13,152	-	(13,152)
Amounts available for appropriations	285,280	285,280	376,813	91,533
General Government				
Personal Services	80,000	80,000	56,770	(23,230)
Maintenance and Operations	90,000	90,000	53,847	(36,153)
Capital Outlay	5,000	35,000	29,500	(5,500)
	175,000	205,000	140,117	(64,883)
Police Department				
Personal Services	-	-	-	-
Maintenance and Operations	15,000	15,000	-	(15,000)
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-
	15,000	15,000	-	(15,000)
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers to other funds	86,200	56,200	37,337	(18,863)
Total Charges to Appropriations	276,200	276,200	177,454	(98,746)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	9,080	9,080	199,359	\$ 190,279

TOWN OF DOVER, Oklahoma
Kingfisher County
Schedule of Grant Awards,
Revenues and Expenditures
For Year Ended June 30, 2014

Grant Description	Contract Number	Grant Award	Revenue Collected	Total Expenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	FIRE GRANT	\$4,473.98	\$4,473.98	4,473.98
		<u>\$4,473.98</u>	<u>\$4,473.98</u>	<u>\$4,473.98</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.
See the accompanying independent auditors' report.